



## *From the Director's Desk . . .*

*Professor Binay Kumar Pattnaik was the Director of ISEC during July-December 2014. All academic activities and professional performance of the ISEC, as reported in this Newsletter, are acknowledged gratefully for his guidance and encouragement for all the faculty and students. As Professor Pattnaik resigned from the Directorship of ISEC on February 3, 2015, I am writing 'From the Director's Desk' for this issue of Newsletter.*

*During July-December 2014, ISEC has demonstrated its all-round vibrancy in academic activities. At the institutional level, the 12<sup>th</sup> Professor L S Venkataramanan Memorial Lecture was delivered by eminent agricultural economist, Professor Ramesh Chand, on July 1, 2014 on the topic, **Agricultural Growth, Farmers' Income and Nutrition Security: Linkages and Challenges**. The lecture was well received by invitees, faculty and students as it focused on current policy issues and public debates.*

*Organization and conduct of international and national seminars, national workshops, training programmes and dissemination workshops have marked the period. These accomplishments are diversified and reflected the overall contributions of ISEC to society, economy and polity. These accomplishments included (a) national training programmes for ISS probationers and members of Zilla Panchayats in Karnataka; Orientation and scholarship distribution programme for SSTSS students; and international training on Demographic Computation Series-2: Multistate Population Projection in Excel and R; (b) dissemination seminars on Report on the Status of Elderly in Odisha, and Census data; (c) workshops on impact evaluation of Bhoochetana Programme in Karnataka, Human Development Report of Chikkaballapura Zilla Panchayat, National Innovation Survey Report 2014 and Socio-economic Assessment of Living Modified Organisms (LMOs);*

*(d) international seminars on Global Issues of Population, Development and Environment; Green Economy and Sustainable Development; and (e) national seminar on Women Empowerment – A Strategy for Development. In addition, ISEC-NCI International Post-graduate Course on Approaching the Environment in India – Issues and Methods in the Study of the Nature-Economy-Society Interface was successfully completed from July 6 to August 2, 2014.*

*It is gratifying to note the diversity of topics of seminars by 8 distinguished visitors to ISEC, including Professor A R Vasavi from Nehru Memorial Museum and Library and Dr Susan Lund from McKinsey Global Institute. In addition, faculty and students have volunteered to present seminars on the topic of their current research.*

*It is impressive to note the completion of 13 important research projects and five new projects taken up during the period on topics of public policy relevance and importance at national and sub-national levels. In addition, publications of faculty and students in the form of working papers, journal articles, articles in edited volumes, presentation of research findings for international and national conferences, seminars, workshops, delivery of keynote addresses, obtaining honours and recognition, participation in public and academic committees and publication of public interest articles in newspapers are highly noteworthy and praiseworthy.*

*I take this opportunity to thank and congratulate all the faculty and students on their excellent accomplishments and wish them all successes to come out with more accomplishments in future.*

**M R Narayana**  
Director in Charge

### 12<sup>th</sup> Prof. L S Venkataramanan Memorial Lecture

The 12<sup>th</sup> Prof. Venkataramanan Memorial Lecture was delivered by **Prof Ramesh Chand**, Director, National Centre for Agricultural Economics and Policy Research (NCAP) of ICAR, on the topic, **Agricultural Growth, Farmers' Income and Nutrition Security: Linkages and Challenges**, at ISEC on July 1, 2014.

Prof Chand stated that since the mid-1990s, Indian agriculture had moved through two distinct phases: the period from mid-1990s to mid-2000s witnessed slowdown of agriculture growth from above 3.5 per cent to below 2 per cent; that trend was followed by a sharp turnaround in 2005-06 which took agriculture back to above 3.5% growth. He emphasized the fact that the most important factor for the improved performance of agriculture post-2004-05, had been the increase in the prices received by farmers. This was a result of hike given to MSP, increase in foodgrain procurement, increase in global agricultural prices and strong domestic demand for food. The favourable prices induced farmers to use better seed, apply higher doses of inputs, take better care of crops and livestock, and adopt improved technology and methods of production. This process was further aided by liberal supply of institutional credit and irrigation expansion. Slowdown of agriculture growth and its recovery in response to changes in price and non-price factors clearly established that Indian farmers responded rather strongly to various types of incentives. This recovery refuted to some extent the argument that the interest in farming was diminishing. He observed

that the interest of farmers in agriculture depended on profitability from farming.

Prof Chand also pointed out that in spite of having the same set of national policies and macro environment, some states achieved more than 5 per cent growth while some could not grow even at 3 per cent. Low growth states, particularly Uttar Pradesh and Odisha, could learn a lot from the experience of states like Chhattisgarh, Jharkhand, Rajasthan, Karnataka, Madhya Pradesh, Andhra Pradesh and Maharashtra. He emphasized that to maintain the high growth tempo, ways and means had to be devised to sustain profitability incentive. He pointed out that agricultural marketing had not moved to the next stage of development. Agricultural development strategy should be expanded to bring marketing in its fold to improve competition, reduce inefficiency and harness market innovations. This should enable farmers to get better prices and higher share in prices paid by end users without adding to inflation. Without this, it would be very difficult to sustain the agricultural achievements of the last decade in the coming years. He also expressed concern that growth in food production was not being reflected in improvement in nutrition measured by dietary energy intake. He emphasized that to ensure adequate nutrition consistent with preference of Indian consumers, the intake of livestock products like dairy products, eggs and meat should be increased and this may require change in strategy of agricultural production and distribution being followed in the country.

### ISEC-NCI International Post-Graduate Course on 'Approaching the Environment in India – Issues and Methods in the Study of the Nature-Economy-Society Interface'

The Centre for Ecological Economics and Natural Resources (CEENR) and the Centre for Research in Urban Affairs (CRUA) of ISEC in association with the Nordic Centre in India (NCI), Sweden, organised a four-week inter-disciplinary course on 'Approaching the Environment in India: New Theories and Methods in the Study of the Nature-Society Interface' during July 6-August 2, 2014, for post-graduate students from Nordic countries – Sweden, Finland, Denmark, Norway and Iceland.

This year, 10 students participated in the course, which ISEC has been organizing since 2006. They were introduced to issues related to environment, environment-nature-economy interface, human well-being, sustainable development, natural

resource management, environmental movements, environmental law, urban environment and cultural perspective of environmental conservation etc. Field trips were organized to Biligiriranga Hills in the Western Ghats, Jadigenahalli Grama Panchayat and Ward 128 of Bangalore city for practical field experience and exposure to various environmental concerns.

After successful completion of the course, certificates were distributed to the participants during the valedictory session. This course for the researchers/students from Nordic countries is equivalent to 10 European Union Credits (ECTS).

Dr S Manasi of CRUA and Dr Sunil Nautiyal of CEENR, ISEC, coordinated the course.

### Training Programme for ISS Probationary Officers

A two-week training programme in Applied Econometrics for the ISS probationers was organised by the Centre for Economic Studies and Policy (CESP) of ISEC during August 4-14, 2014 at the Institute. The programme was sponsored by the Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation through National Statistical Systems Training Academy, Delhi. It was inaugurated by the then Director of ISEC, Prof B K Pattnaik, who also delivered the welcome address.

Prof S Madheswaran addressed the gathering and talked about the role of Applied Econometrics in policy making.

A number of well-known econometricians from various parts of India attended the programme. The Valedictory address was delivered by Prof. Nityananda Sarkar of Indian Statistical Institute, Kolkata. The training programme was organised by Ms B P Vani and Prof. Meenakshi Rajeev, CESP, ISEC.

### Training Programme for Members of Zilla Panchayats in Karnataka

By paving the way for the third level political structure in rural India, the 73<sup>rd</sup> Amendment Act bestowed various development and non development responsibilities to rural local political institutions at the district, taluk and village level. Although seats have been reserved for those belonging to SC/ST community, many are not aware of their governance and administrative roles. A two-day training programme was, therefore, organized at ISEC for SC/ST members of Zilla Panchayats of Karnataka during August 20-21, 2014. The topics covered include the need for decentralization,

leadership qualities, governance, roles and responsibilities, management of finances, planning and implementation of programmes/schemes. Participants have informed that they were able to understand issues relating to development and empowerment, and the need for active individual participation in various meetings and platforms. They felt that training should be organized soon after the elections, and on continuous basis. This programme was coordinated by Prof. D Rajasekhar and Dr. M Devendra Babu from the Centre for Decentralisation and Development.

### Orientation and Scholarship Distribution Programme for SSTSS Students

Social Science Talent Search Scheme (SSTSS) is an on-going programme of ISEC since January 2011, undertaken in collaboration with Bangalore University and the Christ University. While the two universities sponsor scholarships for meritorious students, the programme receives financial support from Sir Ratan Tata Trust (SRTT), as part of its support to academic and scholarly initiatives at ISEC. The Programme is an initiative to address the dwindling interest among student fraternity in social science subjects opted for degree courses. It encourages talented boys and girls studying at second-year PUC level to write a competitive exam passing which with high marks, qualifies the top 35 students every year (25 and 10 students belong to both Bangalore University and Christ University) to avail Orientations on Social Science Scope and Relevance and Scholarship Distribution to these selected meritorious students of every batch two times a year-August and January. Altogether there are 105 students are benefiting by this novel programme.

As part of this initiative and in continuation of the earlier such presentations, half-yearly scholarship distribution ceremony was organized at ISEC during August 23-24, 2014. The then Director of ISEC, Prof. Binay Kumar Pattnaik; the Registrar of Bangalore University, Prof. K K Seethamma; former Director of ISEC, Prof. R S Deshpande; Dr Kanishka K and Dr Xavier Lovis D'Souza of Christ Junior College and other dignitaries like Prof. Soddananda, addressed the students and distributed the scholarships. Member of the advisory committee, Controller of Examinations and Co-coordinator of SSTSS, Prof. H K Moulesh; resource person Prof P H Rayappa and others were also present. Nodal officers from the colleges, parents of the students, visiting professors, faculty and members of ISEC were among those who attended event.

The SSTSS programme is coordinated by Dr. M Lingaraju of the Centre for Human Resource Development, ISEC.



## Dissemination Seminar of the Report on 'The Status of Elderly in Odisha'

A one-day Dissemination Seminar of the Report on 'The Status of Elderly in Odisha' was held in collaboration with UNFPA state office, Bhubaneswar, on September 2, 2014. The seminar was inaugurated by Minister for Women and Child Development, Government of Odisha. There were three technical

sessions in the final dissemination on the various aspects of the report. Around 150 representatives of the government, NGOs, civil society organizations and academic staff participated in the seminar. The seminar was coordinated by Dr T N Bhat, Assistant Professor, PRC, ISEC.

## Workshop on Impact Evaluation of Bhoochetana Programme in Karnataka

The project inception workshop on 'Impact Evaluation of Bhoochetana Program in Karnataka' was organised at ISEC on September 17, 2014. The inception workshop was organised with the purpose of seeking suggestions from various stakeholders, subject experts and funding agency on the proposed project activities. More specifically, it was expected to get useful feedback on conceptualisation of Bhoochetana technology components, sampling method, study area, reference crops and impact indicators. The workshop was attended by 52 participants comprising eminent scientists from the University of Agricultural Sciences (Bangalore, Dharwad, Raichur), University of Agricultural and Horticultural Sciences, Shimoga, College of Horticulture, Kolar, senior officers from the Department of Agriculture, Government of Karnataka, ICRIAT scientists and socio-economists from ISEC.

The discussion in the inception workshop was organised under two technical sessions. In the inaugural session, a presentation about the strategies and progress of the Bhoochetana programme in Karnataka was made by the Department of Agriculture. The first technical session focused on the overview of the proposed study including the Terms of Reference and conceptualisation of the programme. The second technical session focused on the sampling method, study area and selection of crops, and impact indicators. Suggestions on these aspects were sought from the participants while making presentation by the project team. This project is funded by the ICRIAT, Hyderabad and is carried out by Dr. Elumalai Kannan and Dr. Ramappa K B, Associate Professors at the Agricultural Development and Rural Transformation Centre (ADRTC) of the Institute.

## Workshop on District Human Development Report of Chikballapur Zilla Panchayat

The Karnataka Government has initiated preparation of District Human Development Report (DHDR) for all the districts of the state. The main objective of this exercise is to measure human development at the sub-district level. This initiative at the taluk level is first of its kind in the entire country. In the light of this, the Zilla Panchayat of Chikballapur District earnestly started preparation of DHDR by co-opting ISEC as lead Agency. Of the various processes in the preparation of DHDR conducting workshops at various levels is one. The Workshop on District Human Development Report - Chikballapur was organised on September 20, 2014

at Zilla Panchayat, Chikballapur. The main objective of the workshop was to disseminate the information on the importance of measuring human development. Deliberations in the workshop centred around various parameters, indicators adopted for measuring human development, the regional variations/problems in the human development issues, the selection of four small area studies etc. The participants included the President and members of Zilla Panchayat, district level officials, the citizens, media persons, members of non-governmental organisations and the students of Degree Colleges. Dr. M Devendra Babu, ISEC coordinated the workshop.

## National Seminar on 'Women Empowerment – A Strategy for Development'

Centre for Women's and Gender Studies of the Institute for Social and Economic Change has

organized a two-day National Seminar on 'Women Empowerment- A Strategy for Development' at

ISEC in collaboration with ICSSR, New Delhi. The seminar was conducted on October 13-14, 2014. For the seminar 33 research papers were selected for presentation, of which 26 papers were presented in five technical sessions. In addition, a

plenary session was also organized on October 13 when well-known gender experts in the country presented their views on the subject. The seminar was coordinated by Prof. R Mutharayappa and Dr. K C Channamma.

### **International Seminar on Global Issues of Population, Development and Environment**

The main objective of the seminar held during October 27-28, 2014 was to bring together international scholars on a platform to discuss the complex issues of population, development and environment and offer solutions to the present-day challenges. Out of the 120 papers received, about 40 papers were considered for presentation in the seminar. The seminar comprised two plenary sessions and 9 technical sessions. The sub-themes of the seminar included: (i) Development versus Environment, (ii) Economic growth, Energy use and Environment (iii) Urbanisation, Migration and Environment (iv) Environment and Health (v) Population, Poverty and Environment and (vi) Environment Policy and Programmes. Dr Vinod Mishra, Chief, Policy, UN Population Division, New York, Dr Ranjan Piyadas from the University of Colombo, Sri Lanka, were the key speakers at the seminar. Papers were presented by scholars from International Institute for Population Sciences, Mumbai, Tata Institute for Social Sciences, Mumbai, Jawaharlal Nehru University (JNU), New Delhi, Gujarat Institute of Development (GID), Ahmedabad, the University of Hyderabad, the Institute of Technology, Madras, and University of Agricultural Sciences, Bangalore.

Dr Vonod Mishra from UN Population Division, New York; Prof. Bhangat, IIPS Mumbai; Dr T V Ramachandra, IISc, Bangalore; Dr Aparajita, Coordinator for Population and Environment, Ministry of Environment; Dr. Nellanjana Pandey from Population Council, New Delhi; and Prof. Suman Kapur from Hyderabad delivered lectures in the plenary session.

Prof. G Thimmaiah, Chairperson, Board of Governors, ISEC; Prof. Binay Kumar Pattnaik, the then Director of ISEC; Prof G K Kadekodi, former Director and Member, Board of Governors, ISEC; Prof. M V Nadakarni, former Vice-Chancellor, Gulbarga University; Mr A N Yallappa Reddy, former Secretary, Department of Ecology and Environment, Government of Karnataka; Prof. MK Ramesh, National Law School of India University, Bangalore; Prof. M G Chandrakanth, University of Agricultural Sciences, Bangalore; Prof. Abdul Aziz, Member, Board of Governors, ISEC; Prof. K N M Raju, former Head of PRC, ISEC; Prof. R G Desai, senior ICSSR Fellow, participated in the seminar as the session chairs and discussants.

The seminar was concluded with a valedictory address by well-known environmentalist Mr A N Yallappa Reddy, former Secretary, Department of Ecology and Environment, Government of Karnataka.

### **Workshop on National Innovation Survey Report 2014**

A brain-storming workshop on National Innovation Survey Report, 2014 was organized by the Centre for Economic Studies and Policy on November 5, 2014. The workshop was sponsored by the Department of Science and Technology, New Delhi. The objective of the workshop was to disseminate the methodology and findings of the National Innovation Survey Report and obtain feedback of key stakeholders. Industry representatives, academicians from reputed institutions like Indian Institute of Science,

Indian Institute of Management and Central Food Technological Research Institute, representatives from industry / trade associations, research scholars and government representatives were invited to participate. The report presentation by Dr Praveen Arora, Head, NSTMIS, Department of Science and Technology, was followed by informed discussion. The workshop was inaugurated by Prof Binay Kumar Pattnaik, the then Director of ISEC, and coordinated by Prof K Gayithri of CESP.

## International Seminar on Green Economy and Sustainable Development

An International Seminar on 'Green Economy and Sustainable Development' was held at the Institute for Social and Economic Change (ISEC), Bangalore, during November 6-7, 2014 in collaboration with the Sichuan Academy of Social Sciences (SASS), Chengdu, China, and the Indian Council of Social Science Research (ICSSR), New Delhi. The two-day seminar broadly focused on issues related to inclusive green growth, institutional innovations, environmental policy and implications for employment generation and poverty reduction in India and China. Many academicians, government officials, international policy advisors, strategic analysts and research scholars attended the seminar.

The discussion in the seminar was organised under six technical sessions: institutional aspects of sustainable development; trade, environment and sustainable development; employment, poverty and sustainable development; political economy and environmental governance; eco-system services; and environmental degradation. A noted political scientist and China specialist Professor Manoranjan Mohanty delivered the inaugural address, while a well-known energy specialist Dr. Sudha Mahalingam presented the keynote address. Former Ambassador



*The then Director of ISEC Prof B K Pattnaik (left), the Chairman of ISEC Board of Governors Prof G Thimmaiah (centre) and Prof Yang Gang (right) of the Sichuan Academy of Social Sciences (SASS), Chengdu, China, at the International Seminar on 'Green Economy and Sustainable Development' held at ISEC during November 6-7, 2014.*

Saurabh Kumar delivered the valedictory address. Nineteen papers were presented in the technical sessions, which were chaired by eminent researchers and policy advisors. Some of the other eminent Indian participants included Prof G Thimmaiah, Prof Binay Kumar Pattnaik, Prof Madhavi Thampi, Prof Anitha Kurup, Prof G Mythili, Prof Somnath Ghosal, Dr Elumalai Kannan and Dr Malini L Tantri. Chinese participants from SASS included Prof Yang Gang, Mr Chai Jianfeng, Mr Wu Jianqiang, Ms Ji Mengxue, Ms Jing Guangyi, Ms Zhang Ting, Ms Xing Xiaofeng and Ms Gan Tingyu.

## Census Data Dissemination Workshop

A workshop to disseminate the data released from the Census of India from time to time was held at the Institute for Social and Economic Change, Bangalore, on December 1, 2014. This was a collaborative workshop between Directorate of Census Operations, Karnataka, and ISEC on the advice of the Office of the Registrar-General of India and Census Commissioner, Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of India, with funding from UNDP, Delhi. The workshop aimed at encouraging use of census data among young scholars and researchers.

The inaugural session was chaired by Prof. G Thimmaiah, Chairperson, Board of Governors, ISEC, and Prof. G Giridhar, formerly with UNFPA, delivered the keynote address. Mr A K Samal from the Office of the Registrar-General of India and Census Commissioner, explained the purpose of the seminar and shared the information on the census

data released so far. Prof. Binay Kumar Pattnaik, the then Director of ISEC, welcomed the delegates. Sri N Manjini, Joint Director, Directorate of Census Operations, Karnataka, delivered the vote of thanks. Altogether, there were 200 participants from various walks of life, including researchers, senior bureaucrats, government officials and young scholars and students. The media also actively participated in the workshop.

The papers presented by young scholars and researchers were evaluated by a team consisting of Prof. G Giridhar, Prof. Padma Sarangapani and Prof. K N M Raju. Three best papers were selected for awards of ` 50,000, ` 40,000 and ` 30,000 each. The first prize was given to Nidhi Menon, Nisha Joseph and Reshma K for the paper, 'Association of Literacy and Work Participation among Women on Total Fertility in India: a Census Dissemination Study'. The second

prize was given to Angan Sengupta for the paper, 'Higher Educational Attainment is going to Hold the Key for A Better Realization of Demographic Dividend of India'. The third prize went to Medha Bhattacharjee for her paper, 'The Contradictory Nature of Prenatal

Ultrasound Technology and its Effects on Indian Child Sex Ratio (0-6 years) in Rural and Urban Areas'. The valedictory session was chaired by Dr H Sashidhar. Prof. K S James of ISEC proposed the vote of thanks.

### International Training Workshop on Demographic Computation Series -2: Multistate Population Projection in Excel and R

An eight-day International Training Workshop on 'Demographic Computation Series-2: Multistate Population Projection in Excel and R' was organised by PRC, ISEC, during November 24-December 2, 2014. This was a collaborative workshop between International Institute for Applied Systems Analysis (IIASA), Austria and Technology Information, Forecasting and Assessment Council (TIFAC), New Delhi. The purpose of the workshop was to enhance

the demographic computation skills among the PhD scholars and young researchers working in the area of population studies. Around 20 participants were selected for the workshop. The training workshop included both theoretical and practical sessions. Dr Samir KC, Mr Erich Striessnig of the World Population Program at IIASA and Prof. K S James, Professor, PRC, ISEC, coordinated the workshop. Certificates were distributed to all the participants.

### Workshop on Socio-economic Assessment of Living Modified Organisms (LMOs)

As a part of the project on 'Socio Economic Assessment of Living Modified Organisms (LMOs) in India' undertaken by the ADRT Centre, ISEC, a two-day workshop was organized in collaboration with the Research and Information System (RIS) who are executing the project on behalf of the Ministry of Environment, Forests and Climate Change, Government of India, during December 11-12, 2014. Article 26 of the Cartagena Protocol on Biosafety (CPB) relates to taking into account the socio-economic considerations arising from the trans-boundary movement and the impact of LMOs on the conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity. This component will also allow the biosafety regulatory system to address concerns raised from time-to-time by various stakeholders on socio-economic impact of LMOs for agriculture

In India, the guidelines and methodologies for socio-economic evaluation of LMOs for release

for cultivation and entry into the food chain of animals / humans have not been developed and tested so far. Many countries have implemented incorporating socio-economic aspects in different ways for evaluation of LMO products from modern scientific research and development. In this backdrop, the main objective of the workshop was to develop a framework for socio-economic assessment of LMOs in the country. As such, the socio-economic issues and methodologies for assessment of LMOs were deliberated at the workshop.

Representatives from RIS, five partner institutions, including the ISEC project team (Dr A V Manjunatha and Dr Elumalai Kannan) and other experts participated in the workshop. Prof P G Chengappa from ISEC, Dr Ranjini Warriar from the Ministry of Environment, Forests and Climate Change, and Mr Ravi Srinivas from RIS attended the workshop.

### Panel Discussions

**Economic Challenges before the New NDA Government** — The panelists were Dr Barun Deb Pal, Assistant Professor, CESP; Dr Malini L Tantri, Assistant Professor, CESP; Dr Indrajit Bairagya, Assistant Professor, CHRD; and Dr Balasubramanian, Assistant Professor, CEENR, ISEC, Bangalore (July 25, 2014).

**Inflation, Monetary Policy and Financial Sector: The Challenges Ahead** — The panelists were Prof Meenakshi Rajeev, Professor, CESP, on 'Banking Sector and Financial Exclusion: The Challenges Ahead'; Prof T N Prakash Kammaradi, Chairman, Karnataka Agriculture Price Commission on 'Food Price Inflation and State Interventions'; and Prof



Charan Singh, RBI Chair Professor, IIM, Bangalore, on 'Monetary Policy in India – Some Contemporary Issues and Challenges' (August 25, 2014).

### Seminars by Visitors

**Government Brahmin: Caste, the Educated Unemployed, and the Reproduction of Inequalities** — Prof A R Vasavi, Social Anthropologist based in Bangalore, currently a Senior Fellow, Nehru Memorial Museum and Library, New Delhi (July 11, 2014).

**Global Flows in a Digital Age (Putting India into Context)** — Dr Susan Lund, Partner, McKinsey Global Institute (MGI), McKinsey's Business and Economics Research Arm, Washington, DC; Leads Research on Global Financial Markets, Labour Markets and the Macroeconomic Outlook (July 22, 2014).

**Informality: Comparing Chinese and Indian Labour Markets** — Professor Jeemol Unni, Professor and Director, Institute of Rural Management (IRMA), Anand (August 4, 2014).

**Demand for Alcohol and Giffen Behaviour** — Dr Arjunan Subramanian, Reader in Economics, Business School, Glasgow; and Prof Parmod Kumar, Professor and Head, ADRTC, ISEC, Bangalore (August 12, 2014).

**Why Behavioral Economics?** — Dr L Venkatachalam, Associate Professor of Economics, Madras Institute of Development Studies (MIDS), Chennai (October 10, 2014).

**A Quality of Growth Index: Evidence from Indian States** — Dr Saibal Ghosh, Assistant Advisor, Department of Economic Policy Research, Reserve Bank of India, Mumbai (December 26, 2014).

**Strategic Network Formation involving Social Relations: Enmity & Friendship** — Dr Mainak Mazumder, Assistant Professor, Indian Institute of Technology, Jodhpur (January 9, 2015).

**Team Work as an Approach to Reduce Groundwater Extraction** — Professor Ernst-August Nuppenau, Chair of Agricultural and Environmental Policy, Justus Liebig University, Giessen, Germany (January 9, 2015).

### Seminars by Faculty

**Governance Reforms in Infrastructure in India: Initiatives and Outcomes** — Prof Satyanarayana Sangita, Professor and Head, CPIGD, ISEC, Bangalore (October 9, 2014).

**Democratic Decentralisation: Gandhi's Vision and Indian Reality** — Prof M V Nadkarni, Honorary Visiting Professor; Prof N Sivanna, Adjunct Professor, R K Hegde Chair; and Ms Lavanya Suresh, Doctoral Scholar, CPIGD, ISEC, Bangalore (November 13, 2014).

**Reservation Wages & Benefits from Jobs: The Case of India's Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (MGNREGS)** — Prof Kala Seetharam Sridhar, Professor and Head, Centre for Research in Urban Affairs, ISEC, Bangalore (December 8, 2014).

**Challenging Modernity: On Not Being Europe's Other** — Dr Anil Kumar Vaddiraju, Associate Professor, CPIGD, ISEC, Bangalore (December 26, 2014).

### Seminars by Students

**Women's Life and Experience in Tea Plantations: A Study in West Bengal** — Ms Priyanka Dutta, PhD scholar, CSSCD, ISEC, Bangalore (September 11, 2014).

**An Empirical Study on Measurement of Efficiency, Productivity and Competitiveness of Small-Scale Industries in India** — Mr Avishek Chanda, PhD scholar, CESP, ISEC, Bangalore (September 17, 2014).

**Epidemiological Transition and State Health Expenditure: A Study in Kerala, India** — Mr Benson Thomas, PhD scholar, PRC, ISEC, Bangalore (September 23, 2014).

**Decentralisation, Governance and Forest Resource Management: A Study in the State of Tamil Nadu, India** — Ms Lavanya Suresh, PhD scholar, CPIGD, ISEC, Bangalore (December 11, 2014).

**Sustainability of India's Fiscal Policy: An Empirical Study** — Mr Krishanu Pradhan, PhD scholar, CESP, ISEC, Bangalore (December 11, 2014).



## Research Projects

### Completed Projects

1. **Estimation of Pre and Post Harvest Losses of Selected Crops in India – All India Coordinated Study** (Dr Elumalai Kannan, Dr Parmod Kumar)
2. **Improving the delivery of Social Security Benefits in Karnataka** (Prof D Rajasekhar)
3. **Land Policy and Administration** (Dr Manasi S, Dr R G Nadadur, Prof PG Chengappa and Prof N Sivanna)
4. **Eco-diversity study in and around the BARC Project site at Challakere, Chitradurga District, Karnataka** (Dr Sunil Nautiyal)
5. **Manipur's Acculturation to Korean** (Dr Marchang Reimeingam)
6. **Enabling Tribal Communities to Improve Livelihoods and Enhance Biodiversity Conservation: Scientific and Technological Interventions for Sustainable Ecosystem Development in BR Hills, Western Ghats** (Dr Sunil Nautiyal)
7. **Ecology and Culture: Ancient Roots and New Views – Phase I: Water** (Prof K V Raju and Dr S Manasi)
8. **Environmental Governance in India: An Empirical Study of City and Regional Level – Phase-I** (Prof K V Raju and Dr S Manasi)
9. **Accounting for Urban Ecosystem Services: A Case Study of Bangalore** (Dr M Balasubramanian)
10. **A Comprehensive Study on the Status of Scheduled Castes in Karnataka** (Dr Manohar S Yadav)
11. **Adolescent Child Bearing and Its Effect on Maternal and Child Health** (Dr R Mutharayappa)
12. **Evaluation of Karnataka State Finances** (Dr K Gayithri, Prof Meenakshi Rajeev, Dr Devendra Babu and Dr Barun Deb Pal)
13. **Demography and Health Study in and Around the BARC Project Site at Challakere, Chitradurga** (Dr K S Umamani)

### New Projects

1. **Decentralization and Social Security: A Study of Single Window Service Centres for Unorganised Workers** (Prof D Rajasekhar)

2. **Trade, Gender and Food Security: With Special Reference to Tea Plantations in Nilgiris** (Dr Malini L Tantri)
3. **Urban Governance and Local Democracy in Karnataka and Andhra Pradesh** (Dr Anil Kumar V)
4. **A Philosophy of Action: Hannah Arendt and Modernity** (Dr Anil Kumar V)
5. **India-Canada Pulses Trade: Prospects and Challenges** (Dr Elumalai Kannan)

## Student News

### Students' Biannual Seminar Series

The 31<sup>st</sup> Bi-annual Seminars were conducted during December 11-19, 2014. In all, there were 47 presentations comprising 2 pre-submission seminars, 29 progress seminars and 16 proposal seminars. Prof Abdul Aziz, Prof M K Ramesh, Prof M V Nadkarni and Prof B S Bhargava participated in the seminars as Special Discussants.

### PhD Awarded

The following were awarded the PhD by the University of Mysore during the last six months. The scholars' subject and theses are mentioned after their names and their supervisors' names are given in brackets:

**Mr Ravi D R:** Development Studies – '*Environmental Burden of Disease due to Urban Air Pollution with Special reference to Bangalore City*'. (Dr Krishna Raj)

**Ms Baishali Goswami:** Development Studies – '*Marriage Patterns in India: A Demographic Inquiry*'. (Prof K S James)

## Publications

### Working Papers

#### An Overview

The paper "**Does living longer mean living healthier? exploring disability-free life expectancy in India**" (No. 322) by Benson M Thomas, K S James and S Sulaja examines quality of life elderly population in India, based on Disability-Free Life Expectancy (DFLE) rates. Drawing from the SRS mortality data and morbidity data given by NSSO, the paper highlights the higher rates of decline in DFLE in developed states of India with high life expectancy, indicating a considerable decline in the

quality of life with improvement in life expectancy. Such reduction is much higher in the older ages. Females and urbanites experienced considerable decline in the quality of life as compared to males and rural people respectively, which leads to more years in morbidity in old age. The paper also highlights that chronic/degenerative diseases cause major losses in DFLE. Based on these findings the paper argues that mere increase in longevity does not mean a better life, especially in the older ages.

Pavithra Rajan, Jonathan Gangbar and K Gayithri in the paper **“Child and maternal health and nutrition in South Asia – Lessons for India”** (No. 323) highlights that South Asia has been characterized by its minimal progress in the areas of child and maternal health and nutrition in comparison to other regions in the world. The case of India is especially enigmatic as there has been a lack of improvement in its performance in this area since the 1990s. Furthermore, compared to other countries in South Asia such as Sri Lanka, Bangladesh and Nepal, India’s progress towards the achievement of its Millennium Development Goals (1, 4 and 5 specifically) is quite concerning. Despite having their own “local” problems, Bangladesh and Nepal have achieved or nearly achieved many of their MDG targets of optimal maternal and child health and nutrition and Sri Lanka is already in its post-MDG phase. However, as far as India is concerned, the achievement of MDGs seems way off target. A major reason for the lack of progress in India could be attributed to issues of poor governance – lack of political will, divergence of effort, and the lack of a transparent dedicated health system that is pro-child and maternal health and nutrition.

The paper **“Reflecting on the role of institutions in the everyday lives of displaced women: the case of Ganga-erosion in Malda, West Bengal”** (No. 324) by Priyanka Dutta offers a discussion on the role that local institutions can play to accommodate the gender concerns in processes like rehabilitation. Based on an ethnographic study of the women displaced by Ganga erosion in Malda district of West Bengal, the paper examines the role of local institutions in the everyday lives of these women. The main finding is that the degree of vulnerability of displaced women depends upon their institutional affiliations and hence any rehabilitation and resettlement policy should take into consideration the vitality of these institutions in its policy formulation. The paper highlights that the

importance given to various local institutions in the rehabilitation policies at present is inadequate.

The paper titled **“Access of bank credit to vulnerable sections: a case study of Karnataka”** (No. 325) by Veerashekharappa highlights that during last couple of decades, the credit from formal banking institutions has shown tremendous growth in volume and complexity, yet, a large segment of the population, especially the poor, is still excluded from the formal banking services, which led affecting income inequity. In India despite of expansion of formal credit, still large segments of the population, especially the poor are excluded from the formal banking services. The performance of the entities created to support the excluded segment also not impressive, though many people have different opinions on this. Therefore, there is need to establish the relationship empirically and examine whether such institutions indeed provide credit support for improving household economy of excluded group as well as poor households of other groups.

The paper by Rajesh Raushan and R Mutharayappa titled **“Neighbourhood development and caste distribution in rural India”** (No. 326) examines the level of neighbourhood development and their linkages with caste group disparity in rural India using IHDS: 2004-05 data. Employing factor analysis techniques, composite index of neighbourhood development, the paper shows that 27 percent villages or neighbourhoods are highly developed, 52 percent moderately and rest are poorly developed. Considering different components, respectively 27 percent, 19 percent and 31 percent villages have been found highly developed on communication & services, education and health institutions. Caste group domination shows that a higher proportion of ST followed by SC people live in poorly developed neighbourhoods as against a higher proportion of other caste group people who live in highly developed neighbourhoods; and same has been the case for educational institutions but not so for health institutions. The Study supports the view that poor infrastructural development and lack of opportunity lead to inequality of outcomes in terms of human development. Hence, the prime focus of micro level planning and policy formulation centred on rural India should be concerned with neighbourhoods where concentration of poor people is more.

The paper **“Assessment of India’s fiscal and external sector vulnerability: a balance sheet approach”** (No. 327) by Krishanu Pradhan assesses India’s fiscal and external sector vulnerability in the context of deterioration of major macroeconomic indicators in recent years. The analysis is based on the Balance Sheet Approach developed mainly by the IMF studies in analyzing the episodes of major fiscal, financial and external payment crisis in developing countries since late 1990s to early 2000. The present work assesses the vulnerability in India’s fiscal and external sector by descriptive and comparative analyses of relevant indicators, and developing a composite vulnerability index consisting of the indicators under study. If the inability to smooth financeability of public debts, budgetary deficits and external sector financing needs as the indicators of fiscal and external sector vulnerability, India does not face risk of such threat at present and hence signify an absence of overall macroeconomic vulnerability than generally perceived.

The paper **“Public-Private Partnership’s Growth Empirics in India’s Infrastructure Development”** (No. 328) by Nagesha G and K Gayithri analyses the trends and patterns of various infrastructure sectors and regional distribution of Public Private Partnerships (PPPs) at global, national and sub-national levels to identify to what extent PPPs have been able to curb infrastructure deficit. The growth data reveals that there has been a sharp increase in the number of PPP projects, and that these have contributed immensely to enhance regional and sectoral infrastructure availability. The paper has observed that PPP projects under the national highway category are way ahead in time and cost efficiency as compared to the non-PPP projects. However, these projects have tended to concentrate in certain sectors and regions. The reasons for this uneven growth of projects based on PPP in India relate largely to factors like differences in political will across national and sub-national governments in promotion of infrastructure PPP policies and lack of effective functioning of governments’ various infrastructure executive departments including PPP nodal agencies for identifying, executing, coordinating various departments and in promotion of policies for hassle free and quick implementation and to redress the various differences.

Tulika Bhattacharya and Meenakshi Rajeev in their paper titled **“Identifying the high linked**

**sectors for India: an application of import-adjusted domestic input-output matrix”** (No. 329) attempt to identify the key high linkage sectors in India through measuring the linkage effect (both backward and forward linkages) of each sector separately for the entire economy in a comprehensive manner. The paper constructs an input-output matrix that takes into account import of inputs for each sector. By using this (import-adjusted) domestically produced input based matrix for the latest year 2007-08, the exercise next identifies the high linked sectors --development of which can generate substantial impact within the domestic economy through their forward and backward linkage effects without creating a strain on foreign exchange reserves. Policy emphasis should, therefore be more on the development of such sectors so as to ensure rapid growth of the overall economy.

The paper titled **“Out-of-pocket (OOP) financial risk protection: the role of health insurance”** (No. 330) by Amit Kumar Sahoo and S Madheswaran attempts to estimate the effect of insurance on out-of-pocket health expenditures, using Indian Human Development Survey (IHDS, 2004-05) and appropriate econometric techniques like, two-part and logit model. The results show that health insurance reduces the degree of OOP health expenditure, probability of catastrophic expenditure and impoverishment. The paper argues that health insurance should be universalised rather than targeted to the BPL families alone since catastrophic expenditure is faced not only by poor households but also by higher percentage of HHs from rich income quintiles. The logic behind targeting of BPL families and their selection is evidently flawed as it excludes the genuinely needy beneficiaries from the ambit of insurance cover. The paper also found that the probability of incurring catastrophic expenditure and impoverishment increases almost equally on account of both outpatient and inpatient expenditure. Hence, there is need of rethinking on the design of health insurance, which covers only inpatient treatment at present.

Malini L Tantri in her paper titled **“Promises and paradoxes of SEZs expansion in India”** (No. 331) attempts to evaluate the trajectories of Indian Special Economic Zones (SEZs) policy and its performance. The results of the study reveal that, Indian SEZs have failed not only in the idea behind its formulation but also with regard to execution of the policy.

*(Continued on page 14)*











(Continued from page 11)

Performance analysis of these enclaves reveals a very ambiguous picture. Although in absolute terms, its performance seems quite promising, it is found quite ineffective in diversifying exports basket and also in promoting a strong industrial base.

The paper titled **“Fiscal sustainability of national food security act, 2013 in India” (No. 332)** by Krishanu Pradhan attempts to assess the future fiscal implication of National Food Security Act (NFSA), 2013 in India. The results, under baseline scenario based on projected debt/GDP ratio shows modest increase in it till 2021-22, and then declines towards the current level of 70% in 2012-13 and hence signify fiscal sustainability. The dynamics of projected baseline debt/GDP ratio is largely shaped by the provisions in the Act and underlying demographic factors to be experienced by India during the projection horizon. The sensitivity analysis under different assumptions about productivity growth, interest rate on government borrowing and primary deficits/GDP ratio show mixed results and hence provide necessary policy implication to restore fiscal sustainability under the Act. Keeping the primary deficits/GDP ratio below 1.5% by way of periodic upward revision of issue price of food grains, as envisaged in the Act, coupled with higher productivity growth and lower interest on government debt would ensure long-term fiscal sustainability of the Act.

## Monographs

### An Overview

The monograph titled **“A Study on Urban Governance and Organizational Restructuring: The Case of Bruhat Bangalore Mahanagara Palike (BBMP)” (Monograph 31)** by N Sivanna aims at relooking the structure and functions of BBMP with a view to attaining efficiency and effectiveness particularly in matters of service delivery. The study looks into the nuances in the functioning of several departments of the BBMP and provides a detailed review of each department. It also suggests ways and means of restructuring the organisational structure of the departments so as enable these to deal with the issues of urban governance much more efficiently and effectively.

This monograph, entitled **“Managing India’s Forests: Village Communities, Panchayati Raj Institutions and the State” (Monograph 32)** by P J Dilip Kumar discusses the questions related to why some communities are successful in conserving their common property forests, while some others are evidently struggling to do so, in detail. An associated objective was to understand the community’s perceptions of the role of other principal actors – the state (represented by the forest department), and the organs of decentralized governance (PRIs). The consensus coming through the case studies in all the three states is that communities, by and large, recognize that both PRIs and state line departments have their respective roles, and the people on the ground do not perceive any grave rivalry or antagonism between the two. This confirms and underlines the need to look at decentralized governance at different levels, including hamlet- or settlement-based organizations below the formal Panchayat Raj Institutions.

The monograph **“Evaluation of Western Ghats Development Programmes (WGDP) and Policy Recommendations: A case study of from Karnataka” (Monograph 33)** by Sunil Nautiyal, S Manasi and M S Umesh Babu evaluates various schemes under WGDP. As a comprehensive evaluation study of WGDP, it touches upon all the key aspects of the programme, such as agriculture, horticulture, spice cultivation, forestry, agro-forestry, soil conservation, rural infrastructure, livelihood, etc. The recommendations of this study are more policy-oriented and are in line with the views of the High-Level Committees (Madhav Gadgil, August 2011 and Kasturirangan, April 2013) formed by the Ministry of Environment and Forest, Government of India. Not only that the study articulates the ecological concerns of WG but also provides specific recommendations for more effective implementation of the programme.

The monograph **“Government Subsidies in Karnataka” (Monograph 34)** edited by K Gayithri to analyse the growth and pattern of various subsidies existing in Karnataka. The volume has eight papers, covering wide range of issues with regard to subsidies in sectors including food and agriculture, industry, housing, irrigation, water supply, power sector, primary, secondary and higher education. The studies show that



the sectors that have announced explicit subsidy have experienced a sharp increase in the size of the subsidy. Also, these studies expressed serious concerns regarding the administration of subsidy schemes.

The monograph titled **“Green Business for Greening Karnataka: A study of coir industry in Karnataka” (Monograph 35)** by Krishna Raj assesses the performance and effectiveness of the implementation of various programmes in various coir production centres in Karnataka. The study shows that the performance of coir industry continues to suffer despite technology upgradation and infrastructure development mainly due to the lack of economic incentives to managers and workers at coir production centres, which largely resulted in work inefficiency and low capacity utilisation of capital assets. Also, Continuous demand for coir products, both at national and international market, had failed usher in effective tapping of the market opportunity because of poor marketing strategy in a deepening and expanding market. The monograph provides suggestions to improve the sector with a sustainability framework. Among others, major suggestions are aimed at addressing issues related to the present weakness of the sector.

### Books Published/Edited

**‘GHG Emission and Economic Growth – A SAM-based CGE Modeling Approach for India’.** Springer, ISBN-10: 8132219422 | ISBN-13: 978-8132219422, November 2014, by Barun Deb Pal, Vijay P Ojha, Sanjib Pohit and Joyashree Roy.

**‘Liberalization and Economic Performance of the Informal Sector: A Study of Indian Economy’.** London and New York: Routledge- Taylor & Francis Group, ISBN-10: 0415736277 | ISBN-13: 978-0415736275, October 2014, by Indrajit Bairagya.

**‘Women Empowerment – Then and Now: A Social, Historical, Economic and Political Perspective’** (National Seminar Proceedings). Ramanagara: Ankanahalli Prakashana, October, 2014, by Mohan Das, M Lingaraju and R Nagesh.

**‘Socioeconomic and Environmental Implications of Agricultural Residue Burning: A Case Study of Punjab, India’.** Springer, 2015, ISBN 978-81-322-2146-3, by Parmod Kumar, Surender Kumar and Laxmi Joshi.

**‘Reforming Cooperative Credit Structure in India for Financial Inclusion’.** University of Kassel,

Germany in collaboration with Reiner Hampp Verlag, Germany, ISBN 978-3-86618-397-1, by Veerashekharappa, Meenakshi Rajeev and Soumitra Pramanik, December 2014.

**‘Economic Growth, Trade and Poverty: A Comparative Analysis of India and China’.** Konark Publishers, 2015, ISBN: 9789322008413, by Elumalai Kannan, R S Deshpande, Guo Xiaoming and Yue Zhaomin.

### Articles Published in Journals/Edited Books

**Deb Pal, Barun**

(with Sanjib Pohit) ‘Environmentally Extended Social Accounting Matrix for Climate Change Policy Analysis for India’. *Journal of Regional Development and Planning*, 3 (1), 2014.

**George, Sobin**

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**Kannan, Elumalai**

(with Soumya Manjunath) ‘Tank Irrigation: Prospects for Development in Karnataka’. *Kisan World: A Journal of Agriculture and Rural Development*, 41 (7), July 2014.

**Kumar, Parmod**

‘Production, Employment, Marketing and On-Farm Processing: A Case of Selected Horticultural Crops in Karnataka’. *Agriculture Situation in India*, LXX (9), December 2013.

**Kumar, V Anil**

‘State, New Developmentalism and Political Processes’. *My Society: Bi-annual Refereed Arts Journal of the University of Mysore*, VII (1-2), March- August/ September-February, 2013-14 (September).

‘Whither Decentralization in India? The Interesting Story of a Nobody’s Child’. In Lancy Lobo, Mrutujanaya Sahu and Jayesh Shah (eds), *Federalism in India: Towards a Fresh Balance of Power*. Jaipur: Rawat, 2014.

**Lingaraju, M**

(with Mohan Das) '21st Shatamanada Mahile Abaleya Sabale Mattu Prabale'. In Mohan Das, M Lingaraju and R Nagesh (eds), *National Seminar Proceeding on Women Empowerment – Then and Now: A Social, Historical, Economic and Political Perspective*. Ramanagara: Ankanahalli Prakashana, October, 2014. Pp 429-432.

**Madheswaran, S**

(with Amit Kumar Sahoo) 'Socio-economic Disparities in Health Care Seeking Behavior, Health Expenditure & Its Source of Financing in Orissa'. *Journal of Health Management*, Sage Publication, 16 (3): 397-414, 2014.

(with Amrita Ghatak) 'Impact of Health on Labour Supply and Wages: A Case of Agricultural Workers in West Bengal'. *Journal of Health Management*, Sage Publication, 16 (3): 441-457, 2014.

(with Sakthivel and Anup Karana) 'Elderly Workforce in India: Labour Market Participation, Wage differentials, and their Contribution to Household Income'. In G Giridhar, K M Sathyanarayana, Sanjay Kumar, K S James and Moneer Alam (eds), *Ageing in India: Challenges in Policies and Programmes*. Cambridge University Press, 2014.

**Mutharayappa, R**

(with Rajesh Raushan) 'Neighbourhood Development and Illness Differential in Rural India: Are they Interlinked?'. *Journal of Development Management and Communication*, 1 (3), July-September 2014.

'Does Women's Autonomy Influence Fertility Preference'. *Man and Development*, XXXVI (3), September, 2014.

**Narayana, M R**

(with Ronald Lee, Andrew Mason et al) 'Is Low Fertility Really a Problem? Population Ageing, Dependency and Consumption'. *Science*, 347 (10): 229-34, October 2014.

'What Does India Need to Extend the Demographic Dividend?'. *Policy in Focus* (published by International Policy Centre for Inclusive Growth at Brasilia DF (Brazil), jointly supported by UNDP and the Government of Brazil). 30: 23-26, 2014.

'Are Subsidies for Coffee Farmers Inclusive in India: Evidence and Implications from a Household Survey'. *Agrarian South: Journal of Political Economy*, 3 (2): 239-73, August 2014.

'Growth Effects of Industrial Clusters: Evidence and Implications for India'. *South Asia Economic Journal*, 15: 71-92, 2014.

**Rajasekhar, D**

(with G Sreedhar, R Manjula, R R Biradar and N L Narasimha Reddy) 'Is There a Case to Extend Social Pension Schemes to All Unorganised Workers? Evidence from Karnataka'. *The Grassroots Governance Journal*, 12 (2), July-December 2014.

**Rajeev, Meenakshi**

'Input-Output Linkage across Sectors and Employment Challenges in Indian Economy'. *Arthavijnana*, 2014.

'Identifying Employment Creating Sectors in India: An Analysis of Input-Output Linkages'. *Kassel University, Germany, published paper*, 2014.

(with Manojit Bhattacharya) 'Accessibility to Credit and Its Determinants, Margin'. *Journal of Applied Economic Research*, 8, 285-300, 2014.

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'Korean Wave and Korean Media Consumption in Manipur'. *Journal of North-East India Studies*, 4 (2), 2014.

'Social and Economic Emancipation in the Context of Tangkhul Nagas'. In Vashum, R, et al, *Encountering Modernity: Situating the Tangkhul Nagas in Perspective*. New Delhi and Chicago: Chicken Neck, an Imprint of Bibliophile South Asia, 2014.

**Sangita, S N**

'Interface of Local and Higher Governments: Nation Building and Inclusive Growth in Theory and Practice in India'. In Lancy Lobo, Mrutujanaya Sahu and Jayesh Shah (eds), *Federalism in India: Towards a Fresh Balance of Power*. Jaipur: Rawat, 2014.

(with Anil Kumar V) 'Political Regimes, Decentralised Governance and Social Security in Southern States'. In Palanithurai (ed), *Panchayat Raj in Southern States*. 2014.

**Sivanna, N**

'The Panchayat and Women Empowerment', *Geography and You*, November and December 2014.

'Two-Decades of Panchayati Raj in Karnataka'. In G Palanithurai (ed), *Decentralisation in South India*. New Delhi: MJP Publications, 2014.

**Syamala, T S**

(with Angan Sengupta, Federica Angeli, Thelakkat Sankaranarayanan Syamala, C P Van Schayck and Pieter Dagnelie) 'State-wise Dynamics of the Double Burden of Malnutrition among 15-49 Year-old Women in India: How Much Does the Scenario Change Considering Asian Population-specific BMI Cut-off Values?'. *Ecology of Food and Nutrition*, 53 (6): 618-38, November 2014.

**Veerashekhharappa**

'Access of Bank Credit to Scheduled Castes: A Case study of Karnataka'. *Indian Journal of Inclusive Growth*, 2 (Special Issue), 2014.

### Working Papers Published Outside ISEC

**Deb Pal, Barun**

(with Garima Taneja, Pramod K Joshi, Pramod K Aggarawal and N K Tyagi) 'Farmers Preference for Climate Smart Technologies – an assessment in Indo-Gangetic Plain', 2014.

**James, K S**

(with Ajay Bailey and Jyoti S Hallard) 'Health Status, Care Giving and Receiving among Elderly with Migrant Children'. Series II, Working Paper 4, Building Knowledge Base on Population Ageing in India, December 2014.

### Keynote/Presidential Addresses

**Gayithri, K**

'Union Budget 2014-15', in the Seminar, organized by Government First Grade College, Rajajinagar, Bangalore, August 6, 2014.

**Kannan, Elumalai**

'Agricultural Development in India: Role of Planning Commission', in the State Level Seminar on Relevance of Planning Commission in the Present Scenario, organized by Department of Economics, Government Arts College, October 29, 2014, at Chitradurga.

**Lakshmana, C M**

'Emerging Issues of Population, Development and Environment in India', in the UGC-sponsored two-day National Seminar on 'Population, Environment and Sustainable Development; Issues and Challenges,'

organized by South Konkan Education Society's Rani Parvati Devi College of Arts and Commerce, Belgaum, Karnataka, September 12-13, 2014.

**RoyChowdhury, Supriya**

Key-note address on 'Urban Development', in the International Conference on Globalization, organized by Indian Institute of Management, Bangalore, August 12, 2014.

**Yadav, Manohar**

'Doing Field Research: Challenges of Capturing Subtle Realities', organised by Department of Anthropology, Kannada University, Hampi, November 21, 2014.

'Contextualizing Dalit Art Forms in a Social Movement', in the State Level Seminar on Dalit Musical Arts and Dalit Movements in Karnataka, jointly organized by Vimukti Trust and Jeeta Vimukti Karnataka at Pre-University College, Chintamani, December 12, 2014.

### Papers Presented at Conferences/ Workshops/Seminars

**Bairagya, Indrajit**

(with Radhika Saraf) Elementary Education in India: A Study of Accessibility and Quality; at the Workshop on Policies for Sustaining High Growth Rates in India, organized by Institute of Economic Growth, August 19-20, 2014, at Delhi.

Data Challenges for Indian Economy; at the National Seminar on Official Statistical Systems Identifying Research Gaps, Bridging them through Primary Investigation and Untapped Secondary Sources Data to Improve the Official Statistics, organized by Gokhale Institute of Politics and Economics (GIPE), November 15, 2014, at GIPE, Pune.

**Balasubramanian, M**

Climate Change Mitigation and Green Growth in India; at the National Seminar on Economics of Climate Change: Understanding the Linkage Between Economy and Ecology, organized by Department of Economics Nehru Arts and Science College, Kerala, September 23-24, 2014.

The Value of Natural Capital; at the International Seminar on Green Economy and Sustainable Development, organized by Agriculture Development and Rural Transformation Centre (ADRTC) ISEC, Bangalore, November 6-7, 2014.



Urbanization, Poverty and Climate Change: Empirical Evidence from India; at the Workshop on Internal Migration, Urbanization, Poverty and Inequality in Asia, November 7-8, 2014, at Philippines.

**Channamma, K C**

FDI in Retail: Plight of Vegetable Vendors; at the 56<sup>th</sup> Annual Conference of Indian Society of Labour Economics, Ranchi, organized by BIT, Mesra, December 18-20, 2014, at Mesra, Ranchi.

**Deb Pal, Barun**

Technology Transfer, Economic Development and Carbon Emissions – An Input-Output Analysis for India; at the International IO Conference, organised by the University of Lisbon, Portugal, July 14-18, 2014, at Portugal.

Identifying key sector for Green growth in India - An ESAM Multiplier; at the International IO Conference, organised by the University of Lisbon, Portugal, July 14-18, 2014, at Portugal.

**Gayithri, K**

(with Jonathan Gangbar and Pavithra Rajan) Financing Integrated Child Development services- A sub national review; at the International conference on Health systems strengthening: Country experiences; organized by Institute of Public Enterprises, Hyderabad and Institute for Social and Economic Change, Bangalore, November 12-14, 2014, at Hyderabad.

(with Nagesha, G) Value for money analysis of National Highway Public private partnerships; at the International conference on Frontiers of Infrastructure finance-2014, organized by Indian Institute of Technology, November 13-15, 2014, at Kharagpur.

**George, Sobin**

Does social profile of healthcare providers matter? Continuing challenges of inclusion in the health delivery system in India; at the International Seminar on Health System Strengthening: Experience from some Countries, organized by Institute for Public Enterprises (IPE), Hyderabad, November 7, 2014, Hyderabad.

**James, K S**

Work, Income and Living Arrangement of the Elderly in Odisha; at the Dissemination Seminar on the Status of Eldery in Odisha, organized by UNFPA, Odisha, September 2, 2014, at Bhubaneswar.

Health Status and Health Care Utilisation among Indian Elders; at the Workshop on National Health Mission: Achievement and Challenges, organized by Institute of Economic Growth, September 9-10, 2014, at Delhi.

An Assessment of the Quality of Birth Data in CRS; at the One-Day Dissemination Seminar on the Quality of CRS in Odisha, organized by UNFPA, Bhubaneswar and ISEC, Bangalore, October 21, 2014, at Bhubaneswar.

Effective Monitoring of Maternal and Child Health Programmes in India: The Role of Health Management Information System; at the Indian Association for the Study of Population Annual Conference, organized by Department of Demography, University of Kerala, Thiruvananthapuram, November 7-9, 2014, at Thiruvananthapuram.

Disability and Use of Aids in India: Evidence from Census and Surveys; at the Workshop on Affordable Assisted Living Technologies for the Elderly, organized by British Council, November 19, 2014, at IISc, Bangalore.

Women and Ageing in India: Pathways of Vulnerability; at the Indian Association for Social Sciences and Health Annual Conference, organised by GL Gupta Institute of Public Health, University of Lucknow, November 21-23, 2014, at Lucknow.

Natoinal Programme for the Health Care of Elderly and its Role in Addressing NCD Burden in India; at the Conference on India's Elderly: Dignity, Health and Security, organized by UNFPA, India, December 4-5, 2014, at New Delhi.

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Assessment of Pre and Post Harvest Losses of Important Crops in India; at the National Workshop on Improvement of Agricultural Statistics, organized by DES, Ministry of Agriculture, Government of India, September 30-October 1, 2014, at New Delhi.

Farm Input Subsidies in India: Access, Efficiency and Equity; at the Inter-Conference Symposium of International Association of Agricultural Economists (IAAE) on Re-visiting Agriculture Policies in the Light of Globalisation Experience: The Indian Context, organized by MANAGE, October 12-13, 2014, at Hyderabad.

**Lingaraju, M**

21ne Shatamanada Mahile Abaleyalla Sabale Mattu Prabale; at the Two Days National Seminar on Women Empowerment – Then and Now: A Social, Historical,

Economic and Political Perspective, Technical Session – VI A under the Sub Theme of Working Women and Challenges, organized by Govt. First Grade College, Ramanagara, October 14–15, 2014, at Ramanagara.

Health, Food System and Beliefs among Iruliga Tribal Community (in Kannada); at the Technical Session – I under the Sub Theme of Food System and Beliefs” in a Two Days National Seminar on “Indian Traditional Food Systems, organized by the Department of Anthropology, Kannada University, Hampi in Collaboration with Anthropological Survey of India, Kolkata, December 22–23, 2014.

## **Mutharayappa, R**

Women’s Education and Empowerment; at the Symposium on Gender, ICT and Education, organised by the Learning Links Foundation, Bangalore and US Consulate General, Chennai, October 17, 2014, Chennai.

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## **Narayana, M R**

Application of IHDS Data for Construction and Analysis of India’s National Transfer Accounts; at the Conference on Human Development in India: Evidence from IHDS, organized by National Council of Applied Economic Research and University of Maryland, India International Centre, New Delhi, July 18-19, 2014.

India’s Proposed Universal Health Coverage Policy: Evidence and Implications for Age Structure Transition Effects and Fiscal Sustainability; at the International Conference on Demographic Change and Policy Response, organized by Peking University and Chinese Academy of Social Sciences, Beijing, China, November 13-14, 2014.

Universal Old Age Pension for India: Estimates of Public Cost and Fiscal Sustainability, at the UNFPA Conference on India’s Elderly: Dignity, Health and Security, New Delhi, December 4-5, 2014.

## **Nautiyal, Sumil**

(with Umesh Babu M S) Variations in Meteorological Measures Leading to Climate Change Vulnerability: A Case Study from South India; at the International Conference on Our Climate – Our Future; Regional Perspectives on a Global Challenge, organized by Alfred Wegener Institute Helmholtz Centre for

Polar and Marine Research, Bremerhaven, Germany, October 6-9, 2014, at Berlin, Germany.

(with Umesh Babu M S) Eco-Energy analysis of land use systems in the tropical region: A case study from Karnataka; at the International Conference on Tropical Ecosystem in Changing World, organized by International Society for Tropical Ecology, December 2014.

## **Raj, Krishna**

Climate Change, Efficiency of Water Supply and Demand Management in New York and Bangalore Cities; at the Colloquium on Urban Resilience, organized by Public Affairs Centre, Bangalore, September 27, 2014, at Bangalore.

FDI and Indian Economy : Prosperity or Inequality; at the Seminar on Focus Discussion on New Dawn of FDI in India, organized by PES University, Bangalore, October 28, 2014, at Bangalore.

## **Rajeev, Meenakshi**

Role of Non Farm Sector for Reducing Agrarian Distress in India, at the Seminar on Agrarian Distress, New Delhi, November 11-12, 2014.

Change in Patent Regime in Pharmaceutical Industry: A Theoretical Analysis, at the International Conference on Public Finance, Public Economics and Public Policy, December 10-11, 2014, at the Centre for Studies in Social Sciences Kolkata.

## **Reimeingam, Marchang**

Gender Gap in Labour Participation in India; at the National Seminar on Women Empowerment-A Strategy for Development, organized by Centre for Women and Gender Studies, ISEC, October 13-14, 2014, at Bangalore.

Level and Trend of Migration from North Eastern Region to Bangalore; at the International Seminar on Global Issues of Population, Development and Environment, organized by PRC, ISEC, October 27-28, 2014, at Bangalore.

BCIM: India’s Perspective; at the 2014 Bangladesh-China-India-Myanmar Economic Corridor (Chengdu) Development Forum, organized by Chengdu Municipal People’s Government/Chengdu Municipal Bureau of Commerce, October 30-November 1, 2014, at Chengdu, China.

MGNREGA Employment, Sustainability and Poverty in Sikkim; at the International Seminar on Green Economy and Sustainable Development, organized

by ISEC, Bangalore, India and SASS, Chengdu, China, November 6-7, 2014, at Bangalore.

Social and Age Specific Worker Status in India; at the Workshop on Census Data Dissemination – 2014, organized by Directorate of Census Operation, Karnataka and Institute for Social and Economic Change, Bangalore, December 1, 2014, Bangalore.

## *RoyChowdhury, Supriya*

Self Employment: Domain of Exclusion or Inclusion; at the Conference on Right to Work, organized by Centre for Legal Philosophy and Justice Education, NALSAR, Hyderabad, August 16, 2014.

State, Capital and Labour in the Garments Sector in India; at the International Workshop on The Garment and Construction Industries in India and China: Aspects of Labour, Employment and Structural Change, organized by Centre for Regional Development Studies, Jawaharlal Nehru University, September 12-13, 2014, at the ICSSR, New Delhi.

New Paradigms in Labour Studies: How much do they Explain?; at the International Conference on Political Economy of India, Mumbai, jointly organised by IGIDR, Mumbai and University of California, Berkeley, November 24, 2014.

## *Sivanna, N*

Preparation of District Human Development Report: Process and Implications; at the National Seminar on Human Development: Issues and Challenges in Inclusive Growth, organised by UNDP, Planning Department, Government of Maharashtra, Eveshade, Pane and School of Social Sciences, Sholapur University, Solapur, December 1-2, 2014.

## *Sridhar, Kala Seetharam*

India's MGNREGS: Has it impacted poverty?; at the Workshop on Interrogating Rural-Urban Transitions: Dominant and Alternative Conceptualizations, organized by Centre for Rural Urban Dynamics (CRUD), IRMA, and Centre for Urban Policy and Governance, Tata Institute of Social Sciences (TISS), IRMA, Anand, August 28, 2014.

Indian Urbanization: Benefits and Costs; at the ADB Workshop on Comparative Study on Urbanization in PRC and India, organized by Zhongnan University of Economics and Law, Wuhan, People's Republic of China, September 20, 2014.

Urban Governance in India: The State of Public Services and Fiscal Health; at the Cities for all: 11<sup>th</sup>

Metropolis World Congress, organised by Session on Urban Governance, Centre for Good Governance, and Greater Hyderabad Municipal Corporation, Hyderabad, October 9, 2014.

Achieving Inclusive Urban Prosperity: Policy Perspectives; at the Sustainable Chennai Forum on Inclusive Urban Prosperity, organised by Madras Chamber of Commerce & Industry, Chennai, November 10, 2014, at Chennai.

Use of Census Data on Work Status in Urban and Regional Research; at the Census Data Dissemination Seminar, organized by Registrar General of India, Directorate of Census Operations, Karnataka and Institute for Social and Economic Change, Bengaluru, December 1, 2014, at Bangalore.

Reservation Wages and Net Benefits from Jobs: The Case of India's Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (MGNREGS); at the Seminar, organized by Institute for Social and Economic Change, Bengaluru, December 8, 2014, at Bangalore.

## *Subaiya, Lekha*

(with G Giridhar and Supriya Verma) Aging and Women: The Current Knowledge Base; at the International Seminar on Migration, Care Economy and Development, organized by Centre for Development Studies, Thiruvananthapuram, September 17-19, 2014, Thiruvananthapuram.

(with G Giridhar) Women and Aging: A baseline presentation; at the National Conference on India's Elderly: Dignity, Health and Security, organized by Institute of Economic Growth, New Delhi and TISS, Mumbai and UNFPA, December 4-5, 2014, at New Delhi.

## *Syamala, T S*

Economic Progress and Mental Health: An Analysis among Indian Elderly; at the XXXVI Annual Conference of Indian Associate for the Study of Population, organized by Indian Associate for the Study of Population, November 7-9, 2014, at University of Kerala, Trivandrum.

## *Yadav, Manohar*

Methods and Approaches in Social Survey: Micro and Macro Perspectives; at the State Level Seminar on Survey of Backward Classes in Karnataka: Methods and Approaches, organized by Backward Classes Commission, Government of Karnataka, Devraj Urs Bhavan, Bangalore, July 22, 2014, at Bangalore.



Persisting Bonded Labour and Policy Concerns in Karnataka; at the seminar on Bonded Labour in Karnataka, jointly organized by Babasaheb Dr B R Ambedkar Study and Research Centre, Bangalore University Bangalore and Jeeta Vimukti Karnataka, (JEEVIKA) Bangalore at Bangalore University, Bangalore, September 12, 2014, at Bangalore.

Instrumental Education for Tribal Empowerment in Karnataka; at the Seminar on Tribal Education in India: A Special Focus on Fifty Tribal Communities in Karnataka, organized by Karnataka State Tribal Research Institute, Mysore, November 28-29, 2014.

### Honours/Awards/Fellowships

#### *Bairagya, Indrajit*

Participated as Young Economist in the 5<sup>th</sup> Lindau Meeting of the Winners of the Sveriges Riksbank Prize in Economic Sciences in Memory of Alfred Nobel, August 19-23, 2014, in Lindau, Germany.

#### *Deb Pal, Barun*

Visiting Researcher, Griffith University Brisbane Australia, June 12-23, 2014.

#### *George, Sobin*

Visiting Faculty at of Summer School on Indian Cultural Transformations, Faculty of Theology and Religious Studies, University of Groningen, The Netherlands.

#### *Madheswaran, S*

Received Kempe Gowda award in Contributing to State's Policy through Economics and Statistics Knowledge, July 27, 2014.

#### *Nautiyal, Sunil*

Awarded as Best Reviewer for Biomass and Bioenergy (Elsevier)

Honoured as ZALF Fellow, Leibniz Centre for Agricultural Landscape Research for three years (2014-2017).

#### *Rajasekhar, D*

Abdul Nazir Sab Chair Professor, CMDR, Dharwad, 2014.

### Offices Held in Academic/Professional/ Administrative Bodies

#### *Gayithri, K*

Chairperson, Women's cell, ISEC

#### *George, Sobin*

Member Board of Studies, Department of Sociology, Christ University, Bangalore.

Member, General Body, Centre of Education and Communication, New Delhi.

#### *Kumar, V Anil*

Member of International Political Science Association (IPSA) 2012-14.

Seminar Coordinator, ISEC.

#### *Nautiyal, Sunil*

Member Editorial Board, Wodpecker Journal of Agriculture Research.

Lead Guest Editor for Special Issue of the International Journal of Forestry Research.

Member Editorial Board: WP Journal of Agriculture Research.

#### *RoyChowdhury, Supriya*

Member, Board of Studies, Political Science Department, St. Josephs College, Bangalore.

#### *Reimeingam, Marchang*

Member, RPC, ISEC

#### *Sridhar, Kala Seetharam*

India Expert and County Economist, The Urbanization-Poverty-Inequality Triangle in Asia and the Pacific, Asian Development Bank.

India Expert and Country Economist, Project on Addressing Knowledge and Statistical Gaps in Relation to Poverty Reduction, Inequality, and Inclusive Growth, Asian Development Bank.

Resource Person, Knowledge Product on Inclusive Urban Development for South Asia, Asian Development Bank.

## Newspaper Articles

**Sridhar, Kala Seetharam**

'Creating a more equal India', *The Financial Express*, July 18, 2014.

'How free is your city?' *The Economic Times*, August 14, 2014.

'How to make our cities more productive?' *The Financial Express*, September 10, 2014.

(with Sridhar, V) 'This Nobel Laureate can help telecom', *The Economic Times*, October 22, 2014.

'The Hudhud lessons: Ensuring a healthy insurance business', *The Financial Express*, October 31, 2014.

'Make in India: What to make and where?' *The Financial Express*, December 11, 2014.

## Miscellaneous

**Bairagya, Indrajit**

Reviewed the manuscripts for International Review of Applied Economics, Routledge-Taylor & Francis.

Participated as a speaker in the Panel Discussion on Economic Challenges before the New NDA Government, at Institute for Social and Economic Change, Bangalore, July 25, 2014.

Trained Field Investigators for SSA project at ISEC, December 2-4, 2014 (with M Lingaraju and K S Umamani)

**Balasubramanian, M**

Submitted a book chapter on 'Measurement of Sustainable Development in India' to the Rebalancing the Economy, Green Economics Institute, London.

Evaluated three MPhil Economics Dissertations of Ayya Nadar Janaki Ammal College, Madurai Kamaraj University, July 8, 2014.

**Gayithri, K**

'Financing India's Development: Challenges before the Narendra Modi Government'. *Daunting Challenges and High Opportunities: India after the Elections* (FES News Letter), 2014.

Attended a meeting as Member, Examination Scrutiny Board, Department of Economics, Sri Sathya Sai Institute of Higher Learning, Prasanthinilayam, September 17, 2014.

Attended meetings as Member, Action Task Force, Results Framework Document, Government of Karnataka. PhD Evaluation, University of Mumbai.

**George, Sobin**

Co-convenor of the International Seminar on "Health System Strengthening: Experience from Some Countries", at Institute for Public Enterprises, Hyderabad, November 6-7, 2014.

**Inbanathan, Anand**

Member, Board of Studies, Department of Sociology, Christ University. Supervised one intern student.

Coordinating two courses: a) Methodology (along with Dr Sobin George); and b) Sociological Theories.

Attended 3 Doctoral Colloquiums prior to registration in the University of Mysore.

Monograph Series Coordinator, ISEC

**Kumar, Parmod**

(with OECD\_FAO Team) 'Feeding India: Prospects and Challenges in the Next Decade'. In OECD FAO Outlook 2014-2023, 2014.

**Kumar, V Anil**

Peasantry, Capitalism and State (Reviewed by Professor B.B. Mohanty), *Sociological Bulletin*, 2014.

Teaching the Pre-PhD Course on Perspectives in Social and Economic Change, Modern Political Theory.

**Madheswaran, S**

Affirmative Action in India, Indo-Swiss Collaborative Seminar, ICSSR, Bangalore, September 2014.

**Mutharayappa, R**

Attended Steering committee meeting on "Manava Vishwakhsa", organised by the Kannada University at Mysore, September 26, 2014.

Attended Board of Studies Meeting as Member, Department of Studies in Anthropology, in the Karnataka State Open University, June 30-July 1, 2014.

**Nautiyal, Sunil**

Participated as National Evaluator in Second National Children's Science Congress, organized by the Department of Science and Technology, Government of India, December 27-31, 2014, at SJPIIT, Bangalore.

Guided two Intern students who have joined CEENR, for their internship and completed their studies.

Ms Varsha N P, has submitted her MTech Dissertation "*Identification, Cultivation and Conservation of Indigenous Traditional Medicinal Plant Species through Scientific and Technological Interventions at BR Hills, Western Ghats, Karnataka*" to Vellore Institute of Technology University, Vellore, under the guidance of Prof Sunil Nautiyal.

Taken initiatives to plant seedlings and saplings of 153 individuals of 13 MPTs planted 153 individual of 13 tree species having multiple values, for example, medicine, timber, edible and miscellaneous on the campus on World Environment Day. All faculty, staff and students have taken active part in the plantation activities.

#### **Rajasekhar, D**

Visits to Cambodia to assist the Royal Government of Cambodia in initiating a research study on Decentralisation and Social Protection.

#### **Rajeev, Meenakshi**

Organised a panel discussion on 'Inflation, Monetary Policy and Financial Sector: The Challenges Ahead', August 25, 2014, also participated as a Panelist and discussed on the topic 'Banking Sector and Financial Exclusion: The Challenges Ahead' along with Prof. T N Prakash Kammaradi, Chaiman Agriculture Price Commission on 'Food Price Inflation and State Interventions' and Prof. Charan Singh, RBI Chair Professor, IIM, Bangalore On 'Monetary policy in India - some contemporary issues and challenges'.

#### **Sivanna, N**

Co-coordinating Pre-PhD Part -A Paper on 'Institutions and Development'

#### **Sridhar, Kala Seetharam**

Urbanization and Human Development, Presentation to the Government of Karnataka's Planning Department, Meeting to review the progress of the State Human Development Report, Bangalore, July 19, 2014.

(with Paul, Samuel, A Venugopala Reddy and Pavan Srinath) '*The State of Cities: Evidence from Karnataka*' (Review), New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2012.

#### **Syamala, T S**

Attended the Dissemination Seminar of the project "Increased Awareness, Access and Quality of Elderly Services: Building Knowledge Base on Ageing in India", New Delhi, December 4-5, 2014.

Attended Management Committee Meeting and Board Meeting of Praxis India at Bangalore, September 9, 2014.

#### **Umamani, K S**

Presented a proposal for funding Population and Health Status around Kaiga Nuclear Plant at Karwar, Karnataka, to BARC Mumbai, July 3, 2014.

Review of Book Proposal on Family Planning in India, by Dr Aruna Bhattacharya of Indian Institute of Public Health, Delhi, for Springer International Publishing, Switzerland.

Trained Field Investigators for SSA project at Mysore, July 24-26, 2014.

Monitoring SSA Field Work, Mysore and Hassan, July-August 2014.

Presented findings of the project "Demography and Health Study around the Proposed Site for Special Materials Facility at Challakere, Chitradurga, Karnataka", at RMP, BARC Mysore, on September 26, 2014.

(with M Lingaraju and Indrajit Bairagya) Presented the draft report of SSA and MDM for 8 districts- Mandya, Raichur, Kodagu, Udipi, Mysore, Hassan, Tumkur and Chikballapur, in the state office at Nrupatunga Road, Bangalore (DDPI, Diet Principal and DYPCs and MDM officials of the concerned district and state officials attended), on November 17, 2014.

Attended a meeting with DDPI and DYPCs of Davangere, Bidar, Gadag, Shimoga and Dharwad to plan field visit to the districts in connection with the third and final round of SSA and MDM field work, November 18, 2014.

Attended 40<sup>th</sup> EC meeting of SSA on November 22, 2014, at Vidhana Soudha.

#### **Yadav, Manohar**

Attended the Board of Studies meeting as a member at Department of Studies in Anthropology in Karnataka State Open University, Mysore, from June 30 to July 1, 2014.

Supervised one intern student.

Coordinating a PhD course on 'Cultural Contradictions and Development Dilemmas'.

Attended Board of Studies Meeting at IDS, Mysore University, Mysore, November 26, 2014.

Attended PhD Viva-voce Meeting at the Department of Anthropology, Kannada University, Hampi.





# ISEC *News*

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